

soil protection and climate - recent proposals of the European Commission

Anton Reinl
Austrian Chamber of Agriculture

St. Pölten, 28. march 2012



Content

- New global challenges
- New CAP 2014-2020
- LULUCF
- Agri-environmental measures
- Conclusions



New global challenges



Food production under pressure



- land & water resources diminishing
- climate change:
 - more risks of extremes -floods, drought
 - long-term changes in climate



+ Europe urgently needs more growth & employment

landwirtschaftskammer österreich

Common Agricultural Policy 2014-2020

Proposals from the European Commission concerning

- June 2011: EU Budget proposal Multiannual Financial Framework 2014-2020
 - Position of net payer Member States ?

- October 2011: Common Agricultural Policy 2014-2020
 - National allocation of 1 and 2 pillar ?



CAP Reform proposal: impact on soil and climate

- "Greening" within 1 pillar
- New Cross Compliance requirements
- Rural developement:
 - Agri-environmental programmes maintained
 - New! 25% (of financial resources) for climate related measures



"Greening" within 1 pillar

Obligatory and 30 % of 1 pillar payments

- > 7% environmental focus area
- freeze in permanent grassland
- ➤ 3 crop requirement (between 5 and 70 % of each crop)

First reaction:

- Relation with agri-environmental programmes?
- Simplification?
- Higher food demand versus new set aside?



Agri-environmental measures: impact on soil protection and climate

- Offered in all Member States
- Accepted by farmers
- According to evaluation report successful to obtain environmental improvements
- ☐ Examples of measures:
 - Soil erosion: catch crops, buffer strips, crop rotation
 - Soil structure: reduced tillage, permanent grass coverage
 - Reduction of inputs on soil: fertilisers, plant protection products, organic farming









Austrian agri-environmental program (2010): soil related measures

- 116.122 farms participate at agri-environmental program
- Out of 135.388 farms (= 86 %)

	participants	hectars
Greening arable land in winter	49.905	433.640
Mulch and direct trilling	15.225	140.337
Preventive soil and stretch of water conservation	4.409	157.007
Organic farming	20.789	414.148



EC-Communication: LULUCF (1)

Step wise approach

- First step: common accounting, monitoring and reporting rules
- Second step: LULUCF will formally be included in the GHG reduction target

Urgent need for action: Member States have to compile Action Plans (adequate incentive structures as future CAP)

Agriculture/LULUCF is net sink, creates "artificial" credits



EC-Communication: LULUCF (2)

From 2013 on:

Report on GHG emissions & removals from activities as:

- Cropland management
- Grassland management
- Forest management

No national emission reduction targets - " might come later"





Assessment of EC-Communication on LULUCF

- Draft goes beyond agreement in Durban
- Scientific knowledge of carbon storage capacity & emissions still far from complete
- Enormous administrative burden and costs

Hence:

- Accounting rules volunaty for farming and forestry sector
- Avoid imposing additional constraints on farmers and act too hasily



Conclusions

Strong Common Agricultural Policy with 2 pillars



Enforce quantitative soil protection





more emphasis on innovation, training, advice & investment to meet the new challenges



Thank you for your attention!

